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## UT-N6228GS-M - SFP <br> Industrial Ether net Switch User manual

## I. O verview

The UT-N6228GS-M-SFP is a managed industrial Ethernet switch that meets FCC, CE, and ROHS standards. It supports 2 Gigabit fiber ports and 8 Gigabi electrical ports, as well as one console port. It supports Ethernet layer 2 protocols required for industrial field use, ensuring the stability of communication network This series of switches adopts low power consumption and fanless design to ensure no noise interference. They also support a working temperature range of $-40 \sim 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and have excellent EMC electromagnetic compatibility performance, ensuring stable operation in harsh industrial environments. They provide a safe and reliable solution for building fast and stable network terminal access network in industrial application fields such as factory automation, intelligent transportation, and video surveillance.

## II. Panel description

UT-N6228GS-M-SFP Side Panel: P1 and P2 are the terminal numbers fo connecting power; $\mathrm{P}+1$ and $\mathrm{P}-1$ correspond to the positive and negative poles of the power supply respectively; the ground screw is used for equipment grounding


UT-N6228GS-M-SFP Front Panel: The green light on the port is the link indicator, which lights up when a connection is established and flashes when data is being transmitted; the power indicator light is labeled "Power" and displays whether the device is currently receiving power; the system indicator light is labeled "System" and displays the operational status of the device - slow flashing indicates normal operation.


Dimension unit(mm)


## III. M ajor F unctions \& F eatures

OBuilt-in watchdog technology, fault self-recovery, to ensure stable operation of the equipment
OData Control: Supports IEEE802.3X full-duplex flow control, supports network storm suppression
ORedundant Network: Supports STP/RSTP/MSTP, supports ERPS (self healing time < 20 ms )
O Multicast Management: Supports IGMP Snooping V 1/V2/V3
O VLAN: Supports IEEE 802.1Q VLAN, effectively isolating broadcast domains
OLink Aggregation: Supports static/dynamic link aggregation, providing
comprehensive bandwidth utilization
OQoS: Supports COS\DSCP, 8 queues, supports WRRISP scheduling mode
OSecurity Management: Supports ACL access control lists, supports 802.1X
Management Functions: Supports WEB, CLI, SNMP management methods
OMonitoring and Maintenance: Supports port mirroring, interface status
monitoring, log management
OIP40 protection level

## IV.Hardwarespecifications

### 4.1 Standards

IEEE802.3-10BaseT; IEEE802.3u-100BaseTX;
IEEE802.3x-Flow Control; IEEE802.3z-1000BaseX;
IEEE802.3ab-1000BaseTX; IEEE802.1abLacp Protocol;
IEEE802.1D-Spanning Tree Protocol; IEEE802.1Q-VLAN Tagging; IEEE802.1w-Rapid Spanning Tree Protoco; IEEE802.1p -Class of Service; IEEE802.1X-Port Based Network Access Control, etc.
4.2 Interface: 8 Gigabit electrical ports + 2 Gigabit optical ports

### 4.3 Operating environment

Operating temperature: $-40 \sim 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40 \sim 158^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
Storage temperature: $-40 \sim 85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-40 \sim 185^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
Relative humidity: 5\%~95\% (non-condensing)
4.4 Switch attributes

Packet buffer: 12 Mbit; MAC address table: 8 K;
Power consumption: < 10W;
Gigabit port packet conversion rate: 1.488 Mpps ;
Backplane bandwidth:38G; Multicast group number:512
4.5 Power supply

Input voltage: DC12-52V (dual power redundant backup);
Access terminals: Phoenix terminals; Supports dual power redundancy; Supports built-in overcurrent protection of 4.0 A .

### 4.6 Mechanical characteristics

Housing: IP40 protection level, metal housing;
Installation method: DIN-rail mounting, wall-mounting installation; Cooling method: Natural cooling, no fan.
Weight: 0.82 Kg ;
Dimensions: 179× 134× 46mm;
4.7 Industry standards

IEC(EN)61000-4-2(ESD): $\pm 8 \mathrm{kV}$ contact discharge, $\pm 12 \mathrm{kV}$ air discharge IEC(EN)61000-4-3(RS): $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}(80 \sim 1000 \mathrm{MHz})$
IEC(EN)61000-4-4(EFT) : Ethernet port : $\pm 4 \mathrm{kV} \mathrm{CM} / / \pm 2 \mathrm{kV}$ DM; IEC(EN)61000-4-5(Surge): Ethernet port : $\pm 4 \mathrm{kV} \mathrm{CM} / / \pm 2 \mathrm{kV}$ DM; IEC(EN)61000-4-6(RF conducted immunity) :
$3 \mathrm{~V}(10 \mathrm{kHz} \sim 150 \mathrm{kHz}), \quad 10 \mathrm{~V}(150 \mathrm{kHz} \sim 80 \mathrm{MHz})$
IEC(EN)61000-4-16(Common mode conduction): 30 V cont. $300 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{~s}$ Shock: IEC 60068-2-27
Free fall: IEC 60068-2-32
Vibration: IEC 60068-2-6

## V.Interface M ap

5.1 10/100/1000Base-TX Ethernet Interface

This series of switches provide 10/100/1000Base-TX ports that support the MD /MDI-X auto recognition function for cables. When in use, they can be connected to other Ethernet terminal devices via Ethernet ports on the switch through network cables (straight-through or crossover). Please use Category 5e shielded twistedpair cable. The pin definitions for the Ethernet port are shown in the figure below.
${ }_{1}^{8}=\square$ Ethernet cable
The RJ45 port supports automatic MDI/MDI-X operation and can be connected to PCs or servers using straight-through cables, or other switches or hubs using crossover cables. For straight-through (MDI) cables, the pins 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 correspond to their respective connections. For the MDI-X port on a switch or hub, the pin connections of the crossover cable are as follows: 1-3, 2-6, 3-1, $6-2,4-7,5+8,7-4,8-5$. The pin definitions for 10Base-T/100Base-T (X) are shown in the table below:

| Pin No | MDI Signal | MDI-X Signal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | BI_DA+/TX+ | BI_DB+/RX+ |
| 2 | BI_DA-/TX- | BI_DB-/RX- |
| 3 | BI_DB+/RX+ | BI_DA+/TX+ |
| 4 | BI_DC+/- | BI_DD+/- |
| 5 | BI_DC-/- | BI_DD-/- |
| 6 | BI_DB-/RX- | BI_DA-/TX- |
| 7 | BI_DD+/- | BI_DC+/- |
| 8 | BI_DD-/- | BI_DC-/- |



Remarks: "TX $\pm$ " is "data transmit", "RX $\pm$ " is "data receive", "-" is empty
5.2 1000Base-X Optical Port

This series of switches provides a 1000Base-X fiber optic port slot that supports SFP interface type gigabit fiber optic modules and hot-swappable functionality. Optional fiber optic modules include LC interface, SC interface, etc.
5.2.1 Fiber Optic Jumper Classification

According to the transmission mode of light in the fiber optic cable, it can be divided into multimode fiber and single-mode fiber. The center glass core of multimode fiber is thicker ( 50 or $62.5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ ) , and can transmit various modes of light. However, its intermodal dispersion is larger, which limits the frequency of transmission of digital signals. Therefore, the transmission distance of multimode fiber is relatively short (generally only a few kilometers).
5.2.2 Common Fiber Optic Jumpers

SC to SC fiber optic jumper


ST to ST fiber optic jumper


FC to FC fiber optic jumper


LC to LC fiber optic jumper

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## VI. LED Indicator

| Indicator <br> Light | Status | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power | Solid red | Power supply is normal |
|  | Red off | Power supply failure or not working |
| RJ45 <br> Indicator <br> Light | Green on | Network connection is normal |
|  | Green flashing | Link communication is normal |
| System | Green off | Port is not connected |
| G9, G10 | Green constantly on | System has started running |
|  | Green flashing | Fiber-optic port is normally connected |

## VII. Installation Guide

7.1 Installation Precautions

To avoid damage to the equipment and harm to individuals due to improper use, please follow the precautions below
OTo prevent damage caused by dropping the equipment, place it in a stable environment.
OWhen supplying power to the equipment, pay attention to confirming the voltage range of the power supply and the positive and negative poles of the power supply to avoid damaging the equipment due to incorrect operation.
To reduce the risk of electric shock, ensure that the equipment is well grounded in the working environment
O Do not disassemble the equipment casing at will.
O When placing the switch, avoid areas with excessive dust and strong electromagnetic interference
7.2 DIN-rail Installation

To install the product on a DIN-rail, follow these steps: Step 1: Check the grounding and stability of the DIN-rail; slide the switch's DIN-rail slot onto the DIN-rail. Step 2: Insert the DIN-rail's locating screws from the center to both sides in order.
Step 3: Secure the DIN-rail card slot with screws to the fixed guide slots at both ends of the DIN-rail, ensuring that the DIN-rail is stably and vertically fixed to the DIN-rail.
7.3 Grounding

Fix the grounding wire to the grounding screw on the switch and ensure that the grounding system is reliably connected.

7.4 Power Connection

Insert the power cord into the designated position of the 6-core terminal block, and insert the terminal block into the standard power input port (the first power P 1 corresponds to $\mathrm{P}+1$ and P -1 input, and the second power P 2 corresponds to $\mathrm{P}+2$ and $\mathrm{P}-2$ input), supporting power available voltage standards between $12 \mathrm{VDC} \sim 52 \mathrm{VDC}$


## VIII. M anagement System L ogin

This series of products provides 1 serial port-based management system program debugging port, located on the side panel, and can be accessed through standard Cisco line login command line.


Console Port: Baud Rate 115200
Web: IP Address: 192.168.10.12
User name: admin Password: admin
IX. Accessories

| Name | QTY(Unit) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Switch | 1 PCS |
| English user manual | 1 PCS |
| Chinese user manual | 1 PCS |
| Fiber optic module | 2 PCS |
| Product certification | 1 PCS |
| Warranty Card | 1 PCS |
| Power Connector | 1 PCS |

